Organizational Knowledge and Systems: The Customer Care Connection

KM and Knowledge Services

New York University School of Continuing and Professional Studies Leadership & Organizational Behavior Dr. Lee Igel June 20, 2011

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Organizational Knowledge and Systems: Information Management, KM, and Strategic Learning

- Customer Service as an Operational Function
 - Customer Care: Foundation of Corporate Marketing Strategy
 - Customer Care: Matches to Corporate Knowledge Services
- Knowledge Services: The Information-Knowledge Strategy Link
 - Definitions "Talking the Talk and Walking the Walk"
 - Knowledge Strategy Development
 - Marketing strategy and knowledge strategy
 - External Expertise
 - Internal consultant or marketing knowledge strategist
 - Strategy Framework
 - Inspirational/Aspirational
 - Practical/Step-by-Step/Actions, Milestones, and Results (Deliverables)
- Change Management

Organizational Knowledge and Systems: Information Management, KM, and Strategic Learning

Your Challenge in Managing Knowledge Workers:

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"Action point: Manage knowledge professionals as volunteers by defining for them what the company is trying to do and where it is going. Put them in the right job and offer them educational benefits. Respect them and their areas of expertise. Allow them to make decisions in their own areas."

The Daily Drucker (June 13)

Quoted from: Managing in the Next Society

Organizational Marketing/Knowledge Strategy (A typical project framework)

Phase 0: Scoping/ Project Prep Phase 1: Needs
Assessment/ Objective
Development
[Knowledge Audit]

Phase 2: Strategy Development

Phase 3: Solution
Development

Generate and Defend
Recommendations

Phase 4: Present
Recommendations
(Solution
Implementation)

The Information-Knowledge Strategy Link Knowledge Use and Knowledge Value

The Knowledge Culture

- intellectual capital recognized as the institution/organization's most critical asset
- collaboration KD/KS intellectual enthusiasm support corporate, institutional, or organizational goals

Knowledge Services

- information management, KM, and strategic learning converge for organizational effectiveness
- "natural" opportunities and applications in the business/organizational environment

The Knowledge Culture

"Shared beliefs and values about knowledge and the role of knowledge in the company or organization and, as appropriate, in the larger society"

Characteristics of the knowledge culture:

- Collaboration is a given and expected at all levels
- The role of information technology and communication in the knowledge development/knowledge sharing (KD/KS) process is acknowledged and enthusiastically embraced
- The intellectual foundations for the effort are respected the intellectual quest is not disdained
- Ownership of the KM function is clearly established, with a carefully planned-out governance structure and a senior-level employee tasked to work with all organizational functions

Knowledge Management The Definition Conundrum

An Enterprise-Wide
Knowledge Development/Knowledge Sharing
(KD/KS) Culture

Purpose:
Electronic Capture of and/or
Direction to
Knowledge Resources



Function:
Working
With
Knowledge

Function: Ability to Use Strategic Knowledge

Characterized by:
Collaboration
Cultural Change
Business Focus

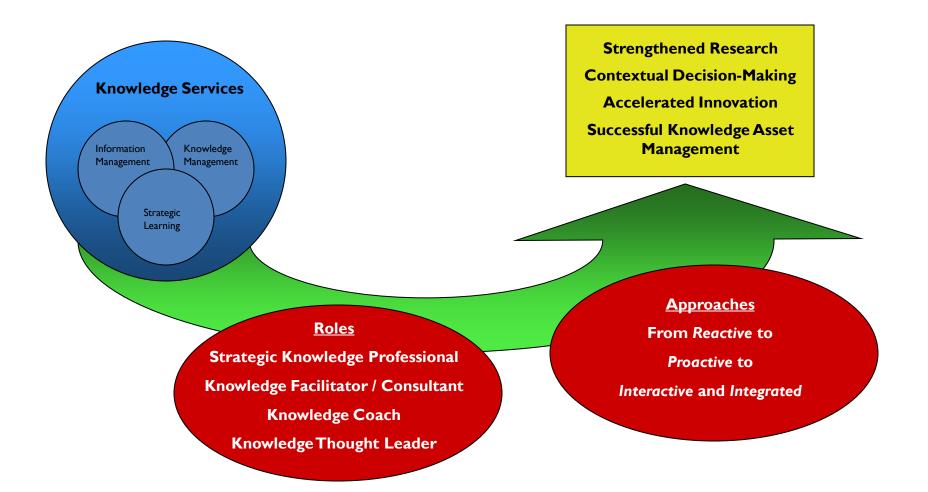
Core Components:
People
Processes
Technology

Knowledge Services

Information Management

Knowledge Management Strategic Learning

Knowledge Services



IT (ICT) and Information Management (IM)

- Information Management a workplace methodology concerned with the acquisition, arrangement, storage, retrieval, and use of information to produce knowledge.
- IM powered by information and communication technology (ICT): any product that stores, retrieves, manipulates, transmits, or receives information electronically in a digital form.

Knowledge Management (KM)

- Knowledge Management (KM):
 - a way of working helps us manage explicit, tacit, and cultural information in ways that enable us – and our workplace – to re-use information to create new knowledge
 - an established atmosphere or environment in which KD/KS is established as the essential element for the achievement of the corporate mission

But you can't *manage* knowledge. You work with knowledge KM is simply: Working with Knowledge

- KM powered by KD/KS
 - through the utilization of IT/ICT (conventional wisdom)
 - in reality the human interface is now recognized as the critical element of KM

IT/Information Management and KM/Knowledge Management



Photo: Kentv

Strategic Learning

- ... the successful achievement of skills, competencies, knowledge, behaviors, and/or other outcomes required for excellence in workplace performance
- ... enables those who develop knowledge to share it, for the benefit of everybody in the workplace (i.e., combines knowledge development with knowledge sharing KD/KS)

Or less pompously: *Strategic Learning* is anything anybody does to learn how to work better – to work smarter....

KM? Knowledge Services? Which is it? What's it to be?

Past confusion between what is shared (knowledge) and the means used to share it (ICT/IT) was natural.

That confusion is now disappearing, once we bring in strategic learning.

Now we speak of *Knowledge Services*, the melding of the two never-very-distinct disciplines, as ICT/IT and KM converge with strategic learning, to release the power of knowledge, to ensure that knowledge is utilized to achieve corporate, organizational, or institutional goals.

KNOWLEDGE SERVICES: The *Practical* Side of KM "Putting KM to Work"

TRANSITIONING

Information,
 Knowledge, and
 Strategic Learning
 to Strategic Knowledge

ENABLING

- Contextual decisionmaking
- Accelerated innovation
- Strengthened research
- Excellence in knowledge-asset management

SUPPORTING

- An institution-wide knowledge culture
- Organizational effectiveness
- Supporting and contributing to the institutional knowledge culture

Knowledge Services: The Information-Knowledge Strategy Link

Knowledge Strategy Development

- Something like "a set of actions or activities that will produce an established and/or agreed-upon goal"
- Shawn Callahan: strategy is "a plan to be executed in the future to achieve specific objectives":
 - Strategy should be viewed as a combination of
 - the actions that are intended to result in anticipated business outcomes; and
 - the actions that emerge as a result of the many complex activities that are undertaken within an organization

Shawn Callahan

Knowledge Strategy:

 The organization's business strategy that "takes into account its intellectual resources and capabilities"

Michael Zack

[See SMR blog: September 30, 2010]

Knowledge Services: The Marketing – Knowledge Strategy Link

- Customer Service (Customer Care):
 - Total organizational approach that makes quality of service as perceived by the customer – the priority driving force for the operation of the business:
 - The expectation that a product or service will produce the benefits promised
 - The expectation that the service will be of the standard promised
 - The expectation that, if expectations are not met, the seller (provider) will make good on the promise
 - How good is your customer service? How easy are you to do business with?

Knowledge Services: The Marketing – Knowledge Strategy Link

- Using Knowledge Services to Establish Customer Service (Customer Care):
 - The value of the service is determined by the customer if we cannot provide them with what they need for *their* success, something is wrong
 - We want "repeat" business the more we use knowledge services to support and measure marketing/customer service success, the more valuable we are to our company's success
 - We are service oriented or we should be (if we don't like being responsibility for providing the highest quality of service delivery with knowledge services, perhaps we are in the wrong business)
 - It's what we're there for: knowledge services supports corporate and organizational effectiveness

Knowledge Services: The Information-Knowledge Strategy Link

- Knowledge Strategy Development: The Players
 - Company/Organizational Management
 - Knowledge Thought Leaders/Knowledge Strategists

[See SMR blog: November 10, November 17, 2010]

- Internal Customer Services/Knowledge Services Consultant/Strategist
- External Expertise
- Knowledge Strategy Development: The Product
 - Introduction (inspirational/aspirational)
 - Practical/Step-by-Step/Actionable Recommendations, Milestones, Measure/Metrics, and Results (Deliverables)
- Knowledge Strategy Development: Review
 - Best Practices
 - Lessons Learned

[See SMR blog: June 8, 2010]

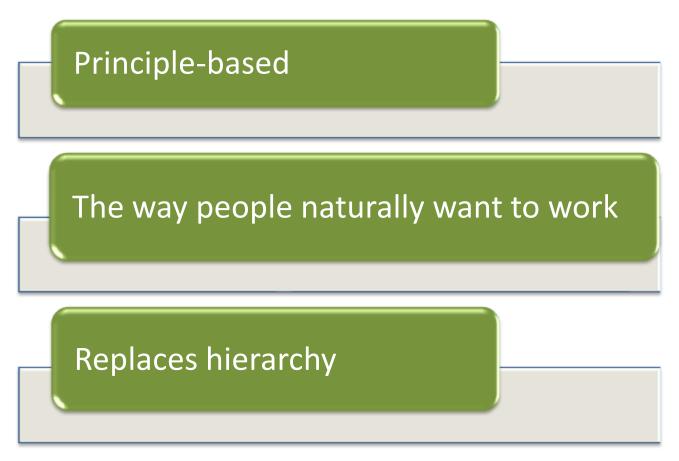
Knowledge Strategy: The Enterprise-Wide Knowledge Function

Knowledge **Objectives** Audit Inventory/Catalogue of the Organization's Intellectual Infrastructure Strategy Identifies Knowledge Assets and How They Are Used **Identifies Gaps and Constraints**

Coordinated **Knowledge Services** and Matching to **Customer Care** Improved Enterprise-Wide Collaboration **Better Staff** Performance with **Customer Care**

Knowledge Services in the Company: A Natural Ambiance for Collaboration

The Collaborative Impulse



Knowledge Services Responsibilities Across the Business/Organizational Environment

Research and Development

(CoPs, Knowledge Networks, Social Media, Web 2.0, Network Analysis, *etc*.) Reports, studies, background and client content management

Enterprise-wide non-knowledge related functions (usually internal) Records, archives, digital asset, knowledge services management

External relations (client/customer, other affiliates)

Strategy Development: Purpose and Implications

For staff

- Strengthened research management
- Subject-specific knowledge services for customer service and marketing

For management

- Development and sharing of content required for effective decision making
- Organizational KD/KS environment a given

For clients/customers

- Content/information currency
- User experience (UX) foundation for service delivery

Developing Knowledge Strategy: Managing the Change

Define the Change

BUT...

Be Wary of Quick Fixes and Reactive Responses – It's Not Just About Tools

Create Alliances & Identify Change Agents

THE KNOWLEDGE CULTURE

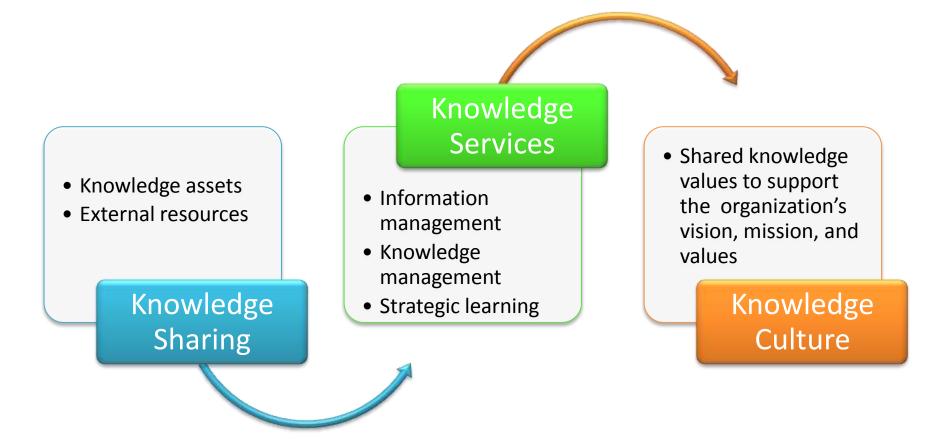
Leading Culture Change Change Management for Knowledge Services



An incremental approach to developing a knowledge sharing framework

Adapted from "Organizational culture and knowledge sharing at the United Nations: using an intranet to create a sense of community," by Linda Stoddart Knowledge and Process Management 14 (3) 2007

The Company's Knowledge Culture



Knowledge Strategy: Knowledge Services in the Organization

Make No Small Plans.
They Have No Magic to Stir Men's Blood.

Daniel Hudson Burnham American Architect (1846-1932)

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Guy St. Clair Personal Blog: **Sharing Guy's Journey**

(http://gstcjourney.blogspot.com)

To Discuss – Organizational Knowledge and Systems: Information Management, KM, and Strategic Learning

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